

Tratto dalla colonna sonora del film "La Grande Guerra" di Mario Monicelli

# *La Grande Guerra*

***Musica di:***  
***Nino ROTA***

***Arrangiamento di:***  
***Marco CALANDRI***

*(Durata: min. 07.00)*

## **INSTUMENTATION**

Conductor	1st Bb Trumpet
C Flute/Piccolo	2nd Bb Trumpet
Oboe	1st Trombone
Bassoon	2nd Trombone
1st Bb Clarinet	Bass Trombone
2nd Bb Clarinet	Euphonium
Bb Bass Clarinet	Bassotuba
Eb Alto Saxophone	Mallet percussion: Vibraphone
Bb Tenor Saxophone	Timpani
Eb Bariton Saxophone	Percussion (Snare drum, Bass drum, Tom, Cymbals, Suspended Cymb.)
1st Horn in F	
2nd Horn in F	

**Please note:** La grande guerra è un film del 1959 diretto da Mario Monicelli, interpretato da Alberto Sordi e Vittorio Gassman, considerato uno dei migliori film sulla guerra e uno dei capolavori della storia del cinema italiano. Felice connubio di tragedia e commedia, l'opera è un affresco corale, ironico e struggente, della vita di trincea durante la prima guerra mondiale narrata con un linguaggio neorealista e romantico al tempo stesso, abbinando scansioni tipiche della commedia all'italiana ad una notevole attenzione verso i particolari storici.

Il romano Oreste Jacovacci e il milanese Giovanni Busacca si conoscono durante la chiamata alle armi della prima guerra mondiale e dopo alcune vicissitudini i due finiscono per simpatizzare e per divenire amici. In seguito alla disfatta di Caporetto vengono comandati come staffette portaordini, mansione molto pericolosa, che viene loro affidata perché considerati come i "meno efficienti" a causa del loro limitato valore militare. Dopo aver svolto la loro missione vengono catturati venendo accusati di spionaggio e minacciati di fucilazione ma mantengono il segreto a riguardo di informazioni cruciali sul contrattacco italiano sul Piave fino all'esecuzione capitale.

Il loro sacrificio non è inutile: i loro compagni sono all'attacco e la vittoria non è lontana. I commilitoni pensano che anche questa volta i due amici l'abbiano scampata; invece non sanno che sono morti per non tradire la patria.

Il film fu vincitore del Leone d'oro al Festival del Cinema di Venezia e nominato all'Oscar quale miglior pellicola straniera; si aggiudicò inoltre tre David di Donatello e due Nastri d'argento.

# La Grande Guerra

Nino Rota (1911-1979)  
arrangiamento per Banda Sinfonica di  
Marco Calandri

Maestoso = 60

Flauto/Ottavino

Oboe

Fagotto

Clarinetto in Si<sup>b</sup> 1

Clarinetto in Si<sup>b</sup> 2

Clarinetto Basso

Sassofono Contralto

Sassofono Tenore

Sassofono Baritono

Corno in Fa 1

Corno in Fa 2

Tromba in Si<sup>b</sup> 1

Tromba in Si<sup>b</sup> 2

Trombone 1

Trombone 2

Trombone Basso

Euphonium

Basso Tuba

Vibrafono

Timpani

Percussioni

## Allegro

7

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Sib 1

Trb.Sib 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

*sf*

*mf*

*p*

*ff*

*p*

*sfz*

*mf*

*p*

*p*

Moderato = 80

13

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

*p*

*f*

*ff*

*f*

19

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

19

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

25 Lento

Fl. *pp*

Ob. *pp*

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1 *pp*

Cl.B $\flat$  2 *pp*

Cl.B.

Sax.A. *sfz*

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1 *p mp*

Cr. 2 *p*

Trb.Si $\flat$  1 *sfz pp*

Trb.Si $\flat$  2 *sfz pp*

Tbn. 1 *sfz pp*

Tbn. 2 *sfz pp*

Tbn.B. *sfz pp*

Euf. *sfz pp*

B.Tu. *sfz p*

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

## Allegro

31

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

31

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

*f*

37

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

37

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

37

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

Detailed description: This page of a musical score covers measures 37 to 42. It features a woodwind section (Flute, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets in B-flat and B, Saxophones in Alto, Tenor, and Baritone), a brass section (Trumpets in C, Trombones in 1, 2, and Bass, Euphonium, and Baritone/Tuba), and a percussion section (Glockenspiel, Tom-tom, and Percussion). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4. Measures 37-42 show a transition where the woodwinds and saxophones are mostly silent, while the brass instruments enter with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The dynamic marking *mf* (mezzo-forte) is indicated for the brass entries. The percussion part remains silent throughout the measures shown.

43

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

43

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

43

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

Detailed description: This page of a musical score contains measures 43 through 48. The score is divided into three systems. The first system includes Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Fg.), Clarinet in B-flat 1 (Cl.B $\flat$  1), Clarinet in B-flat 2 (Cl.B $\flat$  2), Clarinet in B (Cl.B.), Saxophone Alto (Sax.A.), Saxophone Tenor (Sax.T.), and Saxophone Baritone (Sax.Bar.). The second system includes Cor Anglais 1 (Cr. 1), Cor Anglais 2 (Cr. 2), Trumpet in B-flat 1 (Trb.Si $\flat$  1), Trumpet in B-flat 2 (Trb.Si $\flat$  2), Trombone 1 (Tbn. 1), Trombone 2 (Tbn. 2), Trombone Bass (Tbn.B.), Euphonium (Euf.), and Baritone Trombone (B.Tu.). The third system includes Glockenspiel (Glk.), Trumpet (Tp.), and Percussion (Perc.). The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The flute and oboe parts feature long, sweeping melodic lines with ties across measures. The bassoon and clarinet parts have more rhythmic, punctuated lines. The brass section (trumpets, trombones, and euphonium) plays sustained, low-register notes with ties. The percussion part has a simple, steady rhythmic pattern.

This musical score page contains measures 49 through 52. The instruments are arranged as follows:

- Flute (Fl.):** Measures 49-50 have a melodic line with a slur. Measures 51-52 are rests.
- Oboe (Ob.):** Measures 49-50 have a melodic line with a slur. Measures 51-52 are rests.
- Fagott (Fg.):** Measures 49-50 have a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes. Measure 51 is a rest. Measure 52 has a half note.
- Clarinete B♭ 1 (Cl.B♭ 1):** Measures 49-50 have a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes. Measure 51 is a rest. Measure 52 has a half note.
- Clarinete B♭ 2 (Cl.B♭ 2):** Measures 49-50 have a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes. Measure 51 is a rest. Measure 52 has a half note.
- Clarinete B (Cl.B.):** Measures 49-50 have a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes. Measure 51 is a rest. Measure 52 has a half note.
- Saxofoni Alto (Sax.A.):** Rests throughout.
- Saxofoni Tenore (Sax.T.):** Rests throughout.
- Saxofoni Baritone (Sax.Bar.):** Rests throughout.
- Coro 1 (Cr. 1):** Rests throughout.
- Coro 2 (Cr. 2):** Rests throughout.
- Trasversali Sib 1 (Trb.Sib 1):** Rests throughout.
- Trasversali Sib 2 (Trb.Sib 2):** Rests throughout.
- Trombe 1 (Tbn. 1):** Rests throughout.
- Trombe 2 (Tbn. 2):** Rests throughout.
- Tromba Bassa (Tbn.B.):** Rests throughout.
- Eufonio (Euf.):** Rests throughout.
- Bucina (B.Tu.):** Rests throughout.
- Glockenspiel (Glk.):** Rests throughout.
- Timpani (Tp.):** Rests throughout.
- Percussion (Perc.):** Measures 49-50 have a rhythmic pattern of quarter notes. Measure 51 is a rest. Measure 52 has a half note.

**54 Presto**

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Si $\flat$  1

Trb.Si $\flat$  2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.

*f*

*f*

3

3

3

3

60

Fl.

Ob.

Fg.

Cl.B $\flat$  1

Cl.B $\flat$  2

Cl.B.

Sax.A.

Sax.T.

Sax.Bar.

Cr. 1

Cr. 2

Trb.Sib. 1

Trb.Sib. 2

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn.B.

Euf.

B.Tu.

60

Glk.

Tp.

Perc.